Safety Data Sheet

ZIP CLEAN 100

SDS Revision Date: **12/12/2022**

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity	ZIP CLEAN 100
Alternate Names	55-009, Blended Formula, Zip Clean 100, Concentrated Parts Cleaner, water soluble- 55 gallon

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use	Zip Clean is a multi-purpose heavy duty metal degreaser and carbon cleaner. It can be used both in a dip or manual brushing process.
Application Method	Read all precautions and instruction carefully before and after use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name	ComStar International Inc. 20-47 128th Street, College Point, NY 11356
Telephone No.	718-445-7900 800-328-0142 Fax: 718-353-5998

Emergency 24 HR response No: 1-800-424-9300 & 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC

Note: The CHEMTREC phone number is only for emergencies involving spills, leaks, fire, exposure or accident. Please direct all other inquiries to our customer service phone number.

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Corrosive to Metals, H290; Category 1	May be corrosive to metals
Skin Corr/Irrit: 1B; H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Serious eye damage/Eye irri:1, H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment- Acute Hazard: 3; H402	Harmful

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.

GHS05

Warning

[**Hazard Statements]:**

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H402: Harmful to aquatic life

[Prevention]:

P234 Keep only in original container.

P260 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

[Response]:

P301+330+331: If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

P303+361+353: If on skin: remove all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: If inhaled**:** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest for easy breathing

P305+351+338**:** If in eyes: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a poison center/doctor/physician.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P390: Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

[Storage]:

P405: Store locked up.

P406: Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards not contributing to the classification: None under normal conditions.

2.4. Hazards not classified or not covered by the GHS

No other hazards identified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION CAS#: 1310-73-2	<40	Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Aquatic Acute 3 H402	

TETRASODIUM EDTA CAS#: 64-02-8	<3	Not Classified	
DECYL BENENESULFONIC DISODIUM CAS#: 36445-71-3	>3	Not Classified	
OXYBIS DISODIUM SALT CAS#: 70146-13-3	>3	Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	
WATER CAS#: N/A	Balance		

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.
*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

Eyes Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

Skin Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clot

Ingestion Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give activated charcoal. Do not give chemical antidote. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Take the container/vomit to the doctor/hospital. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview On continuous/repeated exposure/contact: Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.

Inhalation Exposure to high concentrations: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Following symptoms may appear later: Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Risk of lung edema. Respiratory difficulties.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact	Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin. Slow-healing wounds.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage. Causes serious eye damage
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	Vomiting. Diarrhea. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Possible esophageal perforation. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Shock. After absorption of large quantities: Disturbances of consciousness.
Chronic symptoms	On continuous/repeated exposure/contact: Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Gastrointestinal complaints.
Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary	On continuous/repeated exposure/contact: Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract. Gastrointestinal complaints.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary
No additional information available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media for surrounding fires: Adapt extinguishing media to the environment. Foam, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide, Water spray, Sand.

5.2. Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium.

5.3. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

Direct fire hazard: Noncombustible.

Indirect fire hazard: Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Explosion hazard

Indirect explosion hazard. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Reactivity

Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture): (increased) risk of fire. On heating: release of corrosive gases/vapours. Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent exothermic reaction with (some) acids. May be corrosive to metals. Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Precautionary measures fire

Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighborhood close doors and windows.

Firefighting instructions

Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible, collect or contain it.

Protection during firefighting

Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

ERG Guide No. ---

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

Gloves. Face-shield. Corrosion-proof suit. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. See "Material-Handling" to select protective clothing.

Emergency procedures

Mark the danger area. No naked flames. Wash contaminated clothes. Large spills/in confined spaces: consider evacuation. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case of reactivity hazard: consider evacuation.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment:

Equip cleanup crew with proper protection

Emergency procedures:

Ventilate area

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. Reaction: dilute combustible gas/vapour with water curtain. Heat exposure: dilute toxic gas/vapour with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water

Methods for cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: sand, saw dust, kieselguhr. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Small quantities of liquid spill: neutralize with acid solution. Wash away neutralized product with plentiful water. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle and open the container with care. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe very strict hygiene - avoid contact. Keep container

tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

Hygiene measures

Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions

Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from: incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products

Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials

Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

Storage temperature

> 15 °C

Heat-ignition

Keep substance away from heat sources.

Prohibitions on mixed storage

Keep substance away from: combustible materials. strong acids. metals.

Storage area

Store in a dry area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up. Protect against frost. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements

Special rules on packaging

Special requirements: hermetical. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packaging in solid containers.

Packaging materials

Suitable material: stainless steel. nickel. polyethylene. polypropylene. glass. stoneware/porcelain.
Material to avoid: lead. aluminum. copper. tin. zinc. bronze.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
1310-73-2	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	2 mg/m3

		ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	2 mg/m3 (Sodium hydroxide; USA; Momentary value; TLV - Adopted Value)
		NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	2 mg/m3
		US IDLH (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³
		Supplier	No Established Limit
64-02-8	TETRASODIUM EDTA	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
36445-71-3	DECYL BENENESULFONIC DISODIUM	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
70146-13-3	OXYBIS DISODIUM SALT	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
N/A	WATER	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

8.3. Exposure controls

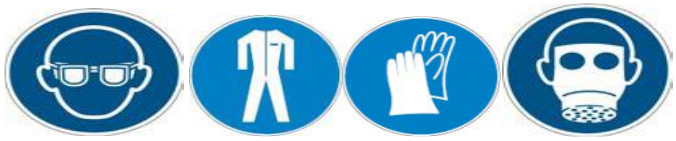
Respiratory Wear gas mask with filter type B if conc. in air > exposure limit

Eyes Safety glasses with side shields, goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin Corrosion-proof clothing

Hand protection:	Wear protective gloves.
Materials for protective clothing:	Give excellent resistance: nitrile rubber. Give good resistance: No data available: Give less resistance: chlorinated polyethylene. styrene-butadiene rubber. nitrile rubber/PVC. Give excellent resistance: PVA. natural fibers.
Other information:	Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

Personal protective equipment: Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Face shield.



9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Yellow Liquid
Odor	odorless
Odor threshold	No data available
pH	14 (8%)
pH solution	8%
Melting point	12 °C
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point	143 °C
Flash Point	Not applicable
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non flammable
Vapor pressure (Pa)	1.2 hPa (20°C)
Vapor Density at (20°C)	No data available
Relative density	1.5
Specific Gravity/density	1525 kg/m³
Molecular mass	40 g/mol
Solubility in Water	Exothermically soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in methanol. Soluble in glycerol. Water: Complete
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	79 mPa.s (20 °C)
Explosion limits	No data available

Explosive properties	Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	None.
Volatiles (% by weight)	NA
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient	NA

9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy:
Not applicable
VOC content:
Not applicable (inorganic)
Other properties:
Clear, Hygroscopic. Slightly volatile. Substance has basic reaction.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Violent exothermic reaction with water (moisture): (increased) risk of fire. On heating: release of corrosive gases/vapours. Absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Violent exothermic reaction with (some) acids. May be corrosive to metals. Reacts with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances. Absorbs atmospheric CO2. Hygroscopic. Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Sodium oxide. Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Likely routes of exposure: Skin and eye contact
Acute toxicity: Not classified

Acute toxicity

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg rat	Dermal LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION (1310-73-2)	No data available	1350 mg/kg body weight	No data available	No data available	No data available

TETRASODIUM EDTA (64-02-8)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
DECYL BENENESULFONIC DISODIUM (36445-71-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
OXYBIS DISODIUM SALT (70146-13-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
WATER (N/A)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: 14 (8%)
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization	---	Not classified
Skin sensitization	---	Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	---	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	---	Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	---	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Single target organ toxicity- single exposure	---	Not Applicable
Single target organ toxicity- repeated exposure	---	Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	---	Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	---	Causes severe skin burns. Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	---	Exposure to high concentrations: Dry/sore throat, coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Following symptoms may appear later: Possible laryngeal spasm/oedema. Risk of lung edema. Respiratory difficulties.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact		Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin. Slow-healing wounds.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact		Corrosion of the eye tissue. Permanent eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion		Vomiting. Diarrhea. Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Possible esophageal perforation. Bleeding of the gastrointestinal tract. Shock. After absorption of large quantities. Disturbances of consciousness
Chronic symptoms		On continuous/repeated exposure: Dry skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology – general: Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Ecology – air: Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009). None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EC) No 842/2006).

Ecology - water: Ground water pollutant. Maximum concentration in drinking water: 200 mg/l (sodium) (Directive 98/83/EC). Harmful to fishes. Harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia). pH shift.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

LC50 fish 1: 45.4 mg/l (LC50; Other; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability: not applicable. No test data on mobility of the components available

Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)

Not applicable

Chemical oxygen demand (COD)

Not applicable

ThOD

Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Avoid release to the environment.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle/reuse. Remove for physico-chemical/biological treatment. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

Additional information

LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 05. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.

Ecology - waste materials

Avoid release to the environment.

14. Transport information

NOTE: Containers holding less than 1 kilo (2.2 lbs.) are shipped as non-hazardous LTD QTY. Below data is for containers holding greater than 2.2 lbs.

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description:	UN1824 Sodium hydroxide solution, 8, II
UN-No. (DOT)	UN1824
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	Sodium hydroxide solution
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Packing group (DOT)	II - Medium Danger
Hazard labels (DOT)	8 - Corrosive

Corrosive 8

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material. T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	154
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	30 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location ‘‘on deck’’ or and on a passenger	A - The material may be stowed “under deck” on a cargo vessel vessel.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	52 - Stow ‘‘separated from’’ acids
Other information	No supplementary information available.

15. Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Sodium Hydroxide Solution (1310-73-2)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Sodium Hydroxide Solution (1310-73-2)

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Sodium Hydroxide Solution (1310-73-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National Regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

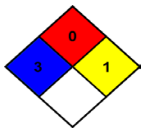
H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H402 Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard	3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.
NFPA fire hazard	0 - Materials that will not burn under typical dire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.
NFPA reactivity	1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating	
Health	3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
Personal protection	H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

The opinions expressed are those of qualified experts within ComStar International Inc. We believe that the information contained is current as of the date of the Safety Data Sheet.

Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of the use of the product are not within the control of ComStar International Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

End of Document